**Product Name:** GP FluPro 745 SL Herbicide

83153/140936 APVMA Approval No:



Label Name:	GP FluPro 745 SL Herbicide
Signal Headings:	POISON
	KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
	READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING
Constituent Statements:	745 g/L FLUPROPANATE PRESENT AS THE SODIUM SALT
Mode of Action:	GROUP 0 HERBICIDE
Statement of Claims:	A component of integrated management of serrated tussock, giant parramatta grass, giant rat's tail grass, Chilean needle grass, African lovegrass and certain grasses as per the directions for use table
Net Contents:	1L - 20L
Restraints:	Do NOT apply this product to steeply sloping sites when applying high rates recommended for perennial grass control.  Do NOT allow spray drift onto susceptible crops and ornamentals  Do NOT spray near desirable trees

# SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS

Specific definitions for terms used in this section of the label can be found at apvma.gov.au/ spraydrift

DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud.

DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops, landscaped gardens and aquaculture production, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from spray drift. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas.

DO NOT apply unless the wind speed is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the application site during the time of application.

DO NOT apply if there are hazardous surface temperature inversion conditions present at the application site during the time of application. Surface temperature inversion conditions exist most evenings 1 to 2 hours before sunset and persist until 1 to 2 hours after sunrise.

Directions for Use:

This section contains file attachment.

Other Limitations:

### Withholding Periods:

There are two withholding periods (WHP's), which apply one after the other for this chemical, and both must be observed. The first, the grazing and cutting WHP, depends on the type of spraying used.

Stock which have been grazed in treated areas after the grazing and cutting WHP has passed must then be moved to untreated areas or fed on clean feed for at least 14 days before slaughter. The requirement for moving animals from treated to untreated areas, or feeding them with clean feed for at least 14 days before animals are sent to slaughter, applies permanently to treated areas, whether spot sprayed or sprayed in some other way.

Spot Spraying: Spot spray treatment is the direct hand spraying of individual plants in an area with no spraying of any surrounding areas. Do NOT graze or cut for stock feed, areas which have received spot treatment, for at least 14 days after spraying: Do not graze stock in treated areas for at least 14 days prior to slaughter or being milked for human consumption.

Blanket treatment (treatment other than spot-spraying): DO NOT graze treated areas or cut for stockfeed for 4 months after application. Do not graze stock in treated areas for at least 14 days prior to slaughter or being milked for human consumption

Trade Advice:

# General Instructions:

Mixing

This product is highly soluble in water and the required amount can be added direct to the spray tank while stirring or with agitator running. Maintain good agitation during the spraying operation.

Wetting agent

No wetting agent/surfactant needs to be added unless specifically stated in the direction for use table, as the predominant mode of action is via root absorption of the herbicide and not by contact with the leaf surface.

# Resistance Warning:

GP FluPro 745 SL Herbicide is a member of the chlorocarbonic acids group of herbicides. GP FluPro 745 SL Herbicide has an unknown mode of action. For weed resistance management GP FluPro 745 SL Herbicide is a Group 0 Herbicide.

Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to GP FluPro 745 SL Herbicide and other inhibitors of fat synthesis mode of action herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by GP FluPro 745 SL Herbicide or any other inhibitors of fat synthesis mode of action herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Granular Products Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of GP FluPro 745 SL Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

#### Precautions:

This product is very slow acting and control of existing growth will take 3-12 months depending on weather conditions and senescence of plant foliage.

The actual length of satisfactory residual control will depend on soil type and rainfall until regeneration occurs from grass seed or surviving rhizomes.

GP FluPro 745 SL Herbicide is liable to leaching and movement in the soil under heavy rainfall or irrigation, and dry conditions favour its persistence in the soil.

Avoid use in channels and drains and where roots of desirable plants may extend; and in other situations where desirable plants grow close to the treated area.

Control of grasses growing in shaded conditions may be reduced.

Some desirable grasses, such as native species and perennial improved species, subterranean clover and other annual legumes may be damaged by this product if exposed to the spray or if they germinate before product residues have dissipated form the soil. Do not treat pasture land with this product more than once per year. Obtain advice from your district agricultural officer.

#### Protections:

Protection of wildlife, fish, crustaceans and the environment:

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or watercourses with the chemical or used containers.

Protection of crops, native and other non-target plants:

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants, crops, cropping lands or pastures.

# Storage and Disposal:

Store in the closed original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemical on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or the product

# Safety Directions:

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale spray mist. When preparing the spray wear elbow-length PVC gloves and face shield or goggles. If product on skin. immediately wash area with soap and water.

Always use in the open or a well ventilated area.

After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves and face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing

## First Aid Instructions:

If poisoning occurs contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 131126. If skin contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly.

Crop/	Weeds Controlled	States	Rate			Critical Comments		
situation			Ground per ha	Air per ha	Spot Spraying per 100L			
Industrial use	Paspalum (Paspalum dilatatum) Kikuyu grass (Pennisetum clandestinum) Couch (Cynodon dactylon)	Tas, WA, SA and Vic only	only 9L		500ml	Apply to existing growth during November to February inclusive.  Apply the recommended rate of 'GP FluPro 745 SL Herbicide' in 800-2000L of water per ha. Ensure that the spray completely wets all		
	African Feathergrass (Pennisetum macrourum)	Tas, WA only			-	leaf surfaces. Spot spraying: spray thoroughly to ensure run-off.		
Pastures and non-crop situations	Parramatta grass (Sporobolus spp)	Qld, NSW, WA only	2L	2L	200ml	Apply December to February inclusive  Application Volumes: Pastures Aerial: 40-80L water per ha Ground Boom Spray: 150L water per ha Spot Spraying: NSW & Qld: 1000L/ha or for a 15L knapsack treat 150m2.		
	Sporobolus sp such as Giant Parramatta Grass (S.fertilis), Gisant Rat's Tail Fescue (S. pyramidalis) and S. natalensis.	NSW only	1.5 – 2 L	-	200ml	In Northern NSW apply from July to December inclusive, during the composition of year. Use the higher rate for heavy infestations. To obtain better herbicide selectivity and less damage to desirable pasture species, apply when the pasture is dormant, semi-dormant. For example in NSW, the optimum application time is late winter and early spring. DO NOT approximately severe droughts or to weeds retarded by burning.		
	African Love Grass (Eragrostis curvula)	NSW, WA, Qld only	3L	-	300ml	Apply July to December		
		Vic only				Apply July to December inclusive. All other Critical Comments as for Serrated Tussock Vic).		
	Rats Tail grasses	Qld, WA only	2L	-	200ml	Spray to run-off		
Urban open space, woodlands, roadsides, nature	Chilean needle grasses (Nassella neesiana,	NSW, ACT, Vic, Qld, SA, WA only	1.5 – 3L	-	200ml + 150 ml Granular Products Glyphosate 360 Herbicide	Apply tank mix to actively growing plants from Spring to autumn. Apply once per year.		
reserves and pastures					100ml – 300ml	Calibrate spray equipment to apply 1000L water per hectare. Apply to actively growing and stress free plants. Control will take 3-12 months depending on weather conditions and senescence of plant foliage. High rates will kill native grasses. Apply once per year Avoid use in channels or drains. Do NOT re-seed treated areas until at least 100mm of leaching rain has fallen.		
Perennial Pastures	Coolatai Grass (small patchy infestations) (Hyparrhenia spp)	NSW only	-	-	300ml per 100L water	Apply in winter and spring between the months of July and October. Apply using high volume spot spray applicators. Apply herbicide solution to Coolatai grass to the point of run-off from leaf surfaces.		

Crop/Situation	Weeds controlled			Rate		Critical Comments		
			Ground per ha	Air	Wiper	Spot spraying per 100L		
Pastures and non-crop situations	Serrated Tussock (Nassella trichotoma)	Vic, Tas, WA only	2L	2L	-	200mL	Apply during November to February inclusive. Graze to reduce cover of desirable species before spraying.  Re-seeding: Desirable pasture species such as phalaris, cocksfoot, ryegrass, red and white clovers, subterranean clovers and lucerne must not be sown until at least 100mm of leaching rain has fallen. If drought conditions prevail defer sowing until next season. Spot Spraying: Spray to run-off at any time from spring through to autumn but observe above precautions on reseeding.	Application volumes: Pastures Aerial: 40-80L water per ha Ground Boom Spray: 150L water per ha Spot Spraying: NSW & Qld: 1000L/ha or for a 15L knapsack treat 150m <sup>2</sup> .
		Qld only					Apply September to May inclusive. (See Note below)	
Pasture – broadacre treatment	Serrated Tussock (Nassella trichotoma)	NSW, ACT, Vic, WA only	1.5-2L	1.5-2L	1:20 via a rotating wiper		Apply September to March and June to August inclusive. GP FluPro 745 SL Herbicide will kill serrated tussock at any time of year but application timing should take into regard other desirable pasture species such as clover/sub clovers. Use the higher rate on heavy basalt and alluvial soils. The lower rate can be used on lighter granite and shale derived soils.	Aerial application: apply in a volume of 35-80L of water. In more difficult country, use higher rates of water, anti-drift additives and larger droplets.  Ground application: apply in a volume of 80-150L. Use the lower rate on slate, shale and granite soils, use the higher rate on basalt soils.  Rotating Wiper: graze heavily prior to treatment to ensure height differential between pasture and serrated tussock. In dense serrated tussock, stock may not graze heavily and some pasture damage may result. Apply as single or double pass.  Winter application: avoid application in very dry winters.

Pasture –
broadacre
treatment -to
remove
seedlings from
improved pasture
improved pasture
Pasture –
broadacre
treatment
- spray topping
spiny topping
Pasture – spot
treatment
- to destroy
serrated tussock
scriated tussock

0.5-2L	-	-		Apply September to February inclusive	Seedlings of serrated tussock are susceptible to shading and low rates of flupropanate. In all situations, use conservative stocking rates and fertilise to maintain a vigourous pasture after spraying.  Use the lower rate for slate and granite soils.  Serrated Tussock plants must be less than 10cm high, and have less than 80 leaves. Apply September to November before pastures "bolt" in the spring flush, or December to February when improved species are dormant.
1.5-2L + 0.6-1.25L Granular Products Glyphosate 360 Herbicide + wetting agent	1.5-2L + 0.6-1.25L Granular Products Glyphosate 360 Herbicide + wetting agent	1:20 via a rotating wiper	-	Apply September to November inclusive	GP FluPro 745 SL Herbicide alone needs to be applied prior August in most years to stop serrated tussock setting seed.  After August the mixture with glyphosate will prevent seeding if applied by November in most years. The added glyphosate will cause damage to other pasture species and will reduce the efficacy of GP FluPro 745 SL Herbicide and may reduce the period of residual control.  Rotating wiper — Apply as a double pass 2 to 8 weeks before seed heads begin to emerge. Add a wetting agent at the recommended label rates.  Graze heavily prior to treatment to ensure height differential between pasture and serrated tussock. In dense serrated tussock, stock may not graze heavily and some pasture damage will occur.
-	-	-	150- 200mL	Can be applied all year round	Calibrate spray equipment to apply to 1000L water per hectare. Lower rates may be used on slate and granite soils. Use a dye marker. Area may need re-treatment in subsequent years. GP FluPro 745 SL Herbicide may take several months to affect plants. Seed set may be prevented by the addition of a knockdown herbicide, such as Glyphosate, at a rate of 400ml per 100L

Pasture – spot	-	-	-	150-	Apply September to November inclusive	To prevent seed set, spray before stem elongation
treatment				200mL +		begins.
- to destroy				120mL		See critical comments for Pasture, "spot treatment
serrated tussock				Granular		to destroy serrated tussock" above.
and prevent				Products		
seeding				Glyphosate		
				360		
				Herbicide		

Crop/	Weeds	State	Rate			Critical Comments
Situation	Controlled		Per ha	Per 100L	Knapsack (15L)	
Non-crop	Paspalum	Qld, NSW,	9L	500ml	75ml	For optimum results apply during active growth, preferably from
situations	Couch	WA only				November to April. Apply in 800-2000L water
	Johnson Grass		12-22L	1L	200ml	per ha. Spray must completely wet all surfaces. The addition of wetting agent is recommended.
	Kikuyu Grass	Qld, WA only	9L	500ml	75ml	Johnson grass: Spray when actively growing and not less than 30-50cm
	Columbus Grass	NSW, WA only	12-22L	1L	200ml	high. Use 12L in winter rainfall areas when rainfall is below 80cm per
						annum. Use 18-22L in summer rainfall areas or where rainfall exceeds
						80cm per annum. Follow up spraying may be required in following
						season.
						Spot Spraying: Spray thoroughly to run-off with the recommended
						dilution rates.

Note: The optimum timing of GP FluPro 745 SL Herbicide application to avoid damage to desirable pasture species and/or to allow GP FluPro 745 SL Herbicide residues to be leached from the soil prior to autumn re-seeding is the period November to February inclusive. Precautions on reseeding and protection of pasture legumes must be observed.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.